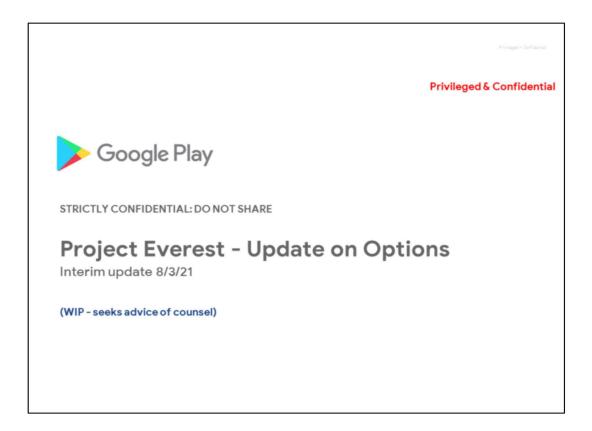
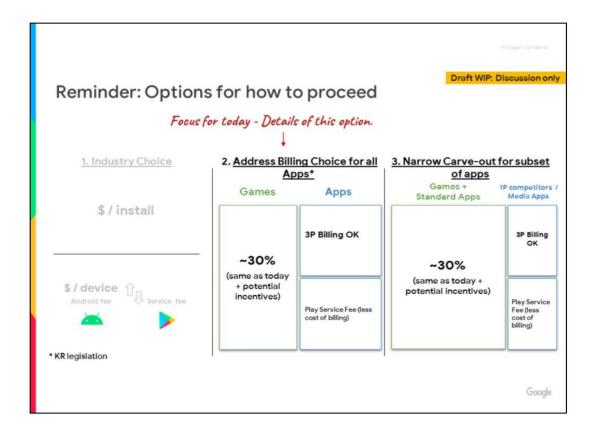
EXHIBIT 9 PUBLIC REDACTED VERSION



Last year's context slides: https://docs.google.com/presentation/d/1xy0PMiNgc1B-ywU27Ar-VvjAepCJv3fZp3n5W1B40PQ/edit#slide=id.g62584bfae9_13_335



Kara

In previous short discussion, highlight three approaches. Ruled out a more 'industry changing' approach of more radically changing our service fee approach to, for example, charge for installs or charge OEMs per device.

Focus today on approaches 2&3, where 3 is - in reality - a more narrow version of approach 2.

Considering two key things in this approach 1. Who is eligible for Billing optionality? 2. How do we charge developers using their own billing for our services? What other pricing changes/incentives for developers?

Pol	
Today's agenda: The details - discuss & align on 3 areas 1. Billing optionality O Who is eligible? Just Apps? Apps & Games? O How should we make it available? i. User Experience: What requirements will we put in place to protect users? ii. GPB optional?	
2. 'Pricing' O What programs will we offer; who is eligible? O How do the pricing changes stack with existing programs eg. Accelerators? 3. Communicating the Changes: 'Positioning Paper' (WIP) O Key talking points	
o noy taking points	Google

Paul

- 1. We're here because there are numerous potential actions against Play's business model including in Korea (action to disallow requiring Play Billing is imminent) EU / US, where the EC SO, DMA, and US legislation and lawsuits are in flight.
- 2. The challenges center on Choice and Billing, and we will talk through our thinking for how to respond to these challenges.

On choice, we recommend offering some devs the ability to use their own billing - we'll charge them a service fee the cost of billing.

Note that while some devs really to want to use their own billing, we believe a bunch of choice arguments are actually pricing concerns. So we will need to address pricing.

On pricing, we recommend a segmented, targeted approach (a once size does not fit all approach) addressing specific app categories and situations (for instance, games, subs, active buyers with specific duration).

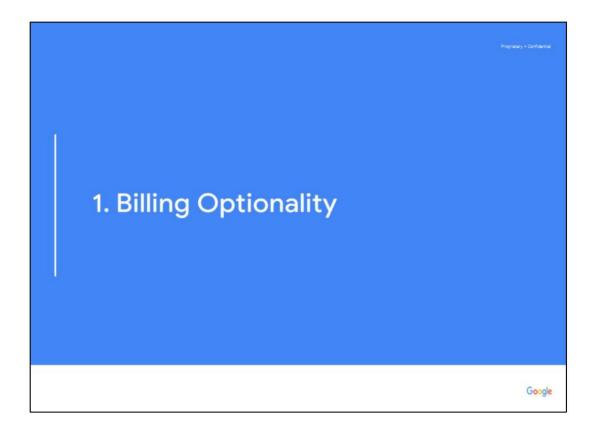
3. We'd like to discuss some options for how aggressively we want to make these changes.

KR compliance approach - Conserative approach, which is to comply with the Korean law, allow alternate billing & charge a service fee but otherwise make no changes. Without addressing pricing, we'd expect that we'll see a lot of pressure particularly on pricing very quickly in Korea, and for Korea to influence action in other markets. Focus on apps - This approach addresses the major agitation of Apps developers

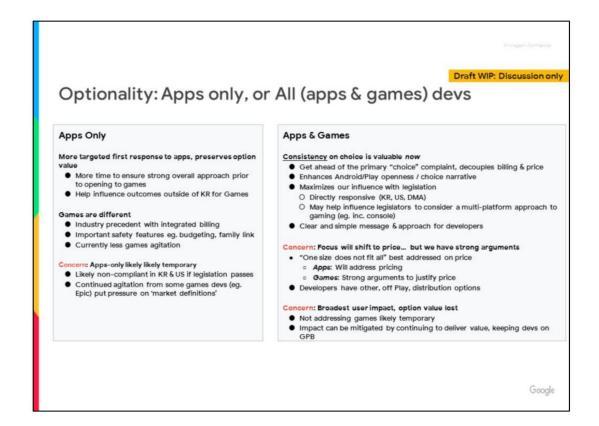
wanting to use their own billing and seeking lower service fees - reflecting their specific vertical margin challenges.

More radical focus on both apps & games offering more choice and lower service fees. This more radical approach would provide the biggest solve. But it may not be necessary to do immediately, and may not solve all agitation.

The next few slides will cover some key context, and we'll dive in to choice, pricing and these rollout options.



Paul to cover this section



Risks of this approach:

Lost opportunity to test & learn in KR first

Legislative/regulatory agitation may shift to mechanic for optionality and price (no solve on price for games)

Game developers de-integrate

We believe there are many strong reasons for developers to continue to use Play Billing

Reasons for Remaining on GBP

No embedded price discount with Billing optionality

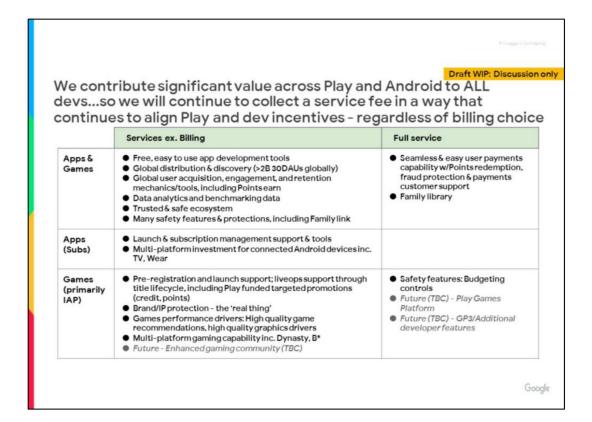
Wide range (including DCB and gift cards) and global market coverage of FOPs available in one billing system through on GPB. Frictionless access to ~600M FOP'ed users worldwide

Important user billing features only available on GPB including full family features/protections, customer support

Benefit from some programs only possible through Play Billing eg. Play Points redemption

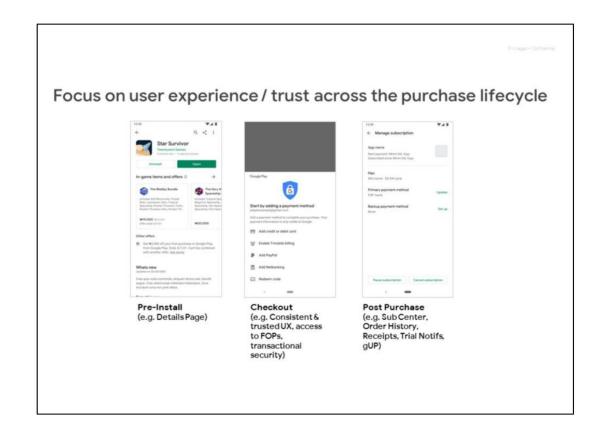
[FUTURE] Benefit from new/upcoming games roadmap & features using GPB inc. Games Platform, GP3 (TBC)

Kara
Dimensions of pricing . . .

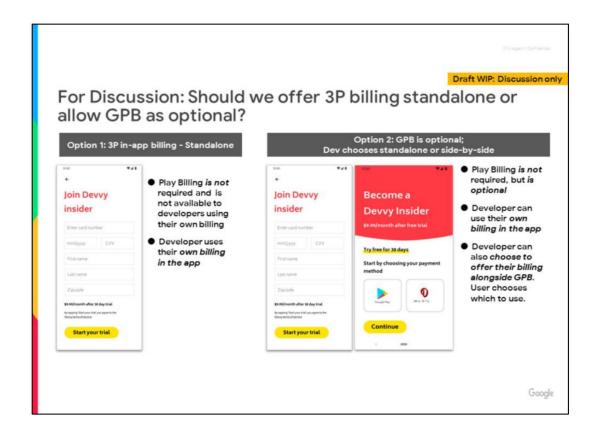


Kara Dimensions of pricing . . .

ld	Date	Text
1	08/03/2021 20:53:12	@pfeng@google.com @marchak@google.com Please add/amend as needed.
1	08/03/2021 23:55:06	Exec review FB: This is very Play centric. Layer in broader Android considerations.



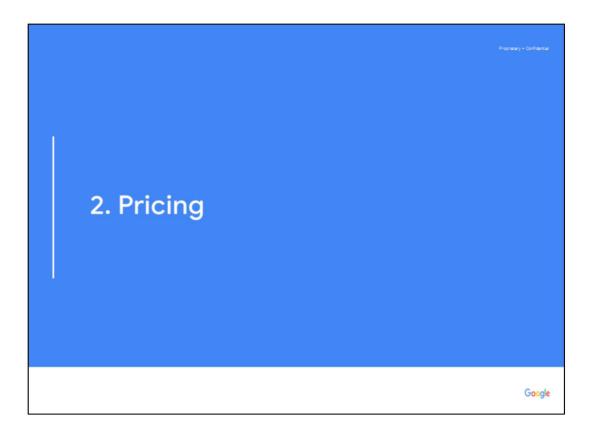
Ne'll re	quire 3P API for	T&S, but the bar will be lower.	
10 1110	quire or 70 mor	rao, bat the bar will be lower.	
	Feature	Solution	
Pre-Install	App details	Inform: users app doesn't use Play Billing, esp Parents	•
Checkout / Cart	Trust / Secure Transactions	Policy: Updated policy (eg. MSFT) to mandate min. security requirements , part of eligibility.	•
	FOPs / Gift Cards	Not available	•
	Parental Approvals	Inform: parent when non-GPB app downloaded, purchase completed Product: Inline ask-to-buy or purchase declines (TBD)	
	Budgeting	Inform: User that budgets are set Product: Notify users when they exceed their budget	•
	Always-on purchase authentication	Not available	
	Play Points	Product: Can earn points, cannot spend.	
Post Purchase/ Support	Comms (trial expirations, renewals)	Inform:"Inform user in store UI that app does not use Play Billing.	
	Order / Subs Management	Policy: Mandate apps with 3P billing must have easily accessible in-app OH & cancellation. Product: Simplified version of OH & Sub Center (pointing to dev app for details / management.) Keep uninstall notif for active subs.	
	Customer Support	Policy: Enforce min-support standards, part of eligibility.	
	Family Library	Not available for in-app purchases	•



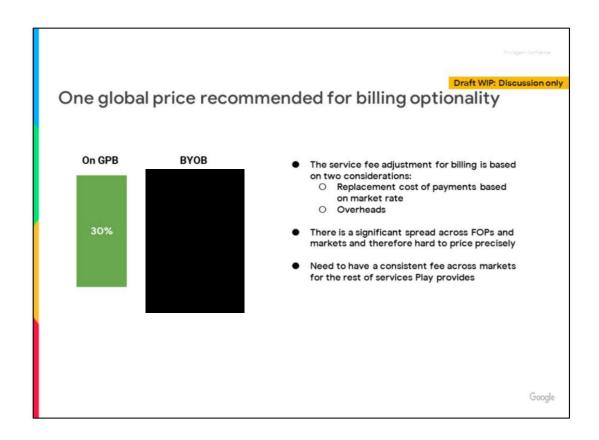


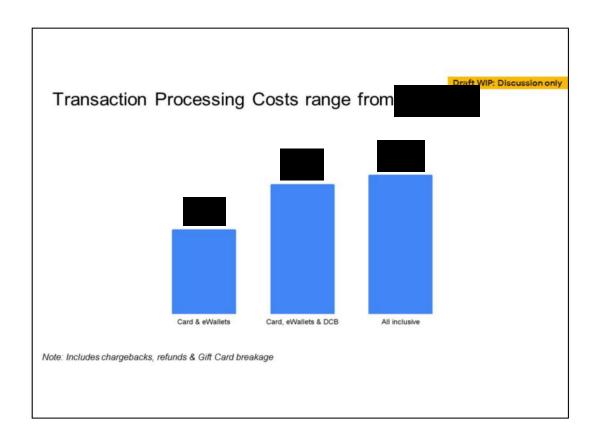
Other options considered: Both unlikely to be responsive to legislation Linking > poorer user experience 3P billing with GPB required

ld	Date	Text
1	08/02/2021 18:54:01	Not sure this is true?
2	08/02/2021 18:54:01	I was referencing that you'd have more payments flows to manage and user messaging given there are two 'billing flows'. If that's not the case we should remove.
2	08/02/2021 18:57:29	This is only if we include the anti-steering, yes?
3	08/02/2021 18:57:29	If Option 1 requires devs to charge the same price to users opting for GPB or the dev billing then yes. Option 2 is more defensible as this doesn't have that dynamic which is a potential source of agitation and concern. @kghanem@google.com to weigh in.

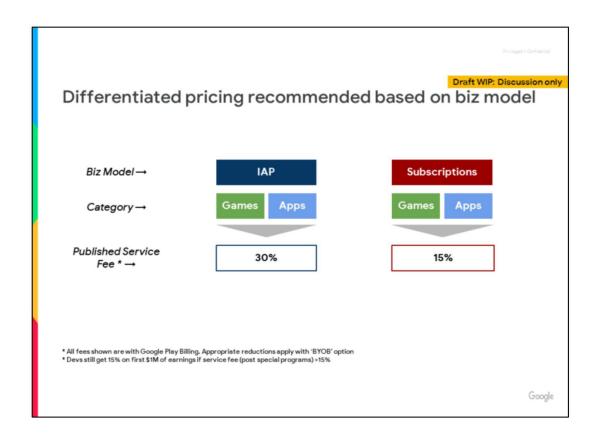


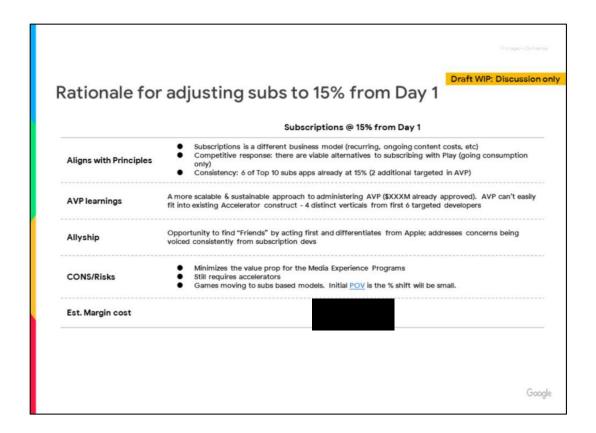
Kara to cover this section





Draft WIP: Discussion only 2 recommended price reductions to accommodate biz models and economics Creator Platform Subscriptions Accelerator Recognize this is a different business model, justifying Recognize unique economics of emerging segment of apps globally & particularly in KR different fees Developer actions tells us 30% unlikely sustainable Apply economic principles to existing Media Accelerators Scaleable & sustainable vs as applicable. Google





Kara

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India program a one-off tailored to current IN market conditions as a short term 'boost', providing investment for market development.
Still working through full details, including costing.

Potential gives and gets with all these programs.

Other potential programs: Better Togethers, Cloud credits / GVP scaled

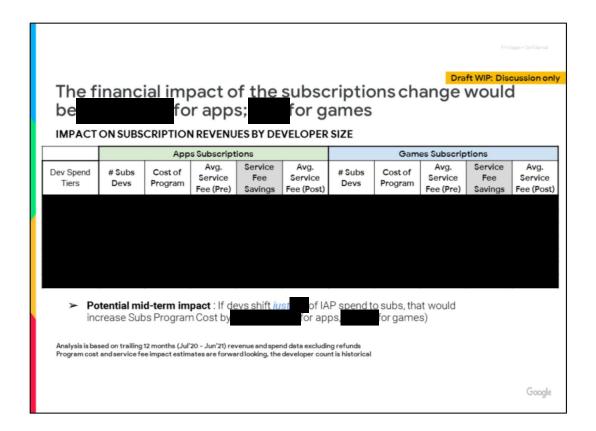
Costs:

Content creator: margin against existing GPB developers, excludes Roblox.

See Slide 79: Creator Content Program
Subs @ 15% immediately: cost is \$zzz for apps + \$zzz for games for a total of \$zzz.
Assumes that subscription and IAP spend are unaffected by the new pricing.

Notes on figures:

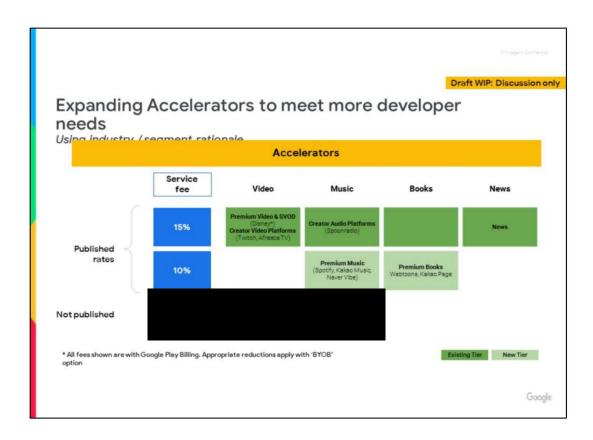
Subs revenue growth of 45% is the 2 yr CAGR ending in Q2 2021.

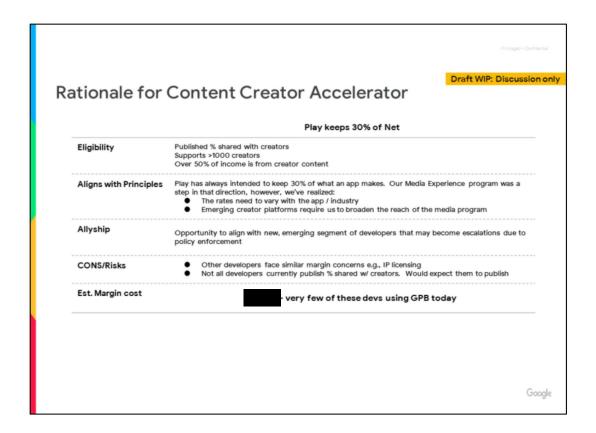


Notes:

- 1) The status quo rev share for the smaller tiers does not we're pulling in actual enrollment data for Runway, which has less than 100% coverage, and enrollment stats have been stable for several weeks. If Runway enrollment stays where it is, that means that the Subs Give would be a VERY effective way of dropping rev share for the unenrolled apps devs... but not as effective for games. It also means the for games for the smallest tier would be a real cost for Play if this program is adopted.
- 2) The subs give will be for apps vs. games... not only is the notional give the size for apps vs. games), but the rev share reduction for apps devs with subs is compared to for games. For this reason, it's fair to say that the subs give is largely targeted to apps devs
- as we see the subs give decline in relative richness for upper tiers. I have a hypothesis for this: Runway sets status quo rev share low for the smallest tiers, while the largest apps tiers benefit the most from the 12mo+ sub give already (note their low status quo rev share). For this reason, the subs program seems to target the "middle class" apps devs.

ld	Date	Text
4	08/03/2021 18:04:32	Thanks for this Brian. Is the relatively smaller reduction in the larger devs also driven by the fact they may already be benefiting from Media accelerator programs at 15%?
1	08/03/2021 19:42:38	@karabailey@google.com @joshoconnor@google.com @karenshen@google.com @shamininair@google.com @shamininair@google.com Hi all- this is the first pass of the impact of the subs program by developer tier. There are several things that stand out: 1) The status quo rev share for the smaller tiers does not = this is because we're pulling in actual enrollment data for Runway, which has less than 100% coverage, and enrollment stats have been stable for several weeks. If Runway enrollment stays where it is, that means that the Subs Give would be a VERY effective way of dropping rev share for the unenrolled apps devs for games it also means the for games it also means the for games for the smallest tier would be a real cost for Play if this program is adopted. 2) The subs give will be for apps vs games not only is the notional give for apps vs. games not only is the notional give for apps vs. games not only is the notional give for apps vs. games for this reason, it's fair to say that the subs give is largely targeted to apps devs. 3) the most impacted tiers are actually and as we see the subs give decline in relative richness for upper tiers and as we see the subs give in have a hypothesis for this: Runway sets status quo rev share low for the smallest tiers, while the largest apps tiers benefit the most from the 12mo+ sub give already (note their low status quo rev share). For this reason, the subs program seems to target the "middle class" apps devs. Note- I still have to add the "behavior change impact" section on the bottom. I'll finish that tomorrow. Please let me know if you have any questions. _Reassigned to Josh OConnor_
2	08/03/2021 19:42:38	You're correct. The media accelerator devs are likely affecting the metrics for the largest app developer group. Unfortunately it's hard to query this group directly (given there is no "special programs" flag in our system), so it's hard to tell how much they pull down the status quo rev share for that tier. Still, those devs would not contribute to the subs program cost in this slide given how we calculate cost.





Kara

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India program a one-off tailored to current IN market conditions as a short term 'boost', providing investment for market development.

Still working through full details, including costing.

Potential gives and gets with all these programs.

Other potential programs: Better Togethers, Cloud credits / GVP scaled

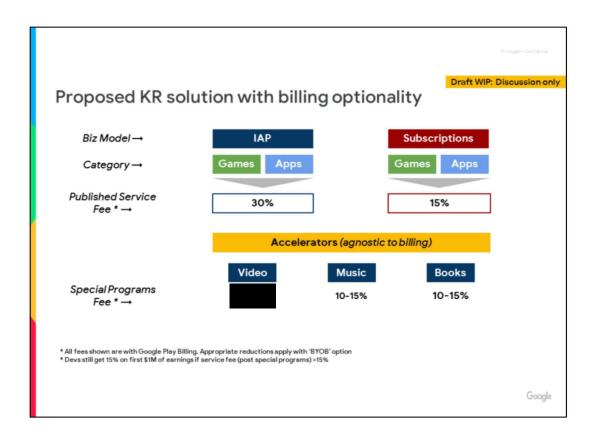
Costs:

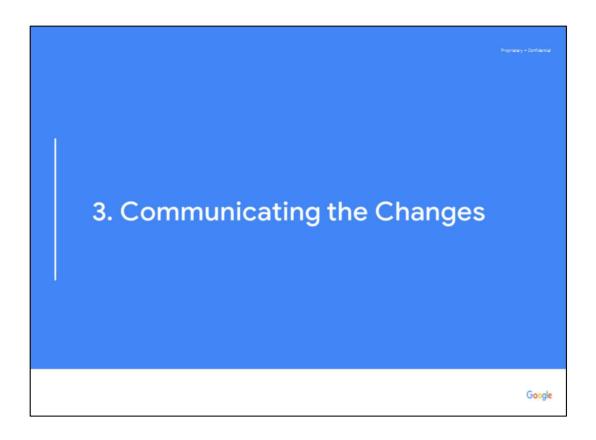
Content creator: margin against existing GPB developers, excludes Roblox.

See Slide 79: Creator Content Program
Subs @ 15% immediately: cost is \$zzz for apps + \$zzz for games for a total of \$zzz.
Assumes that subscription and IAP spend are unaffected by the new pricing.

Notes on figures:

Subs revenue growth of 45% is the 2 yr CAGR ending in Q2 2021.





Distance a Applicants

Positioning Paper - six simple principles

Introduction

We built Android and Google Play on a foundation of choice and openness that has expanded billions of consumers' access to information and created untold opportunities for companies of all sizes to build and scale global businesses.

It isn't easy to build and develop platforms that do so much for the world. We're in 190 countries, on 2-3 billion devices, supporting over a million developers. That's in partnership with X mobile carriers, X payments platforms, and 13,000 OEMs to bring Android and Google Play to life for users around the world. And we scan 100 billion apps each day to keep users safe from malware and other abuse.

There's an important public policy debate unfolding around the world about the role of mobile app stores. These are the principles that drive our development of Android and Google Play, and that we hope can contribute to policymaking in this space.

ld	Date	Text
1	08/04/2021 18:17:52	if you like you could add our most recent public statement about lifetime payouts to developers >\$120B
1	08/04/2021 18:17:52	Good idea, Christian. We'll add that to the next revision.

Positioning Paper - six simple principles

We believe that mobile platforms generate value that is worth paying for.

It's no small undertaking to build and evolve a global platform serving billions of consumers and millions of companies of all sizes. That's value worth paying for.

 We believe in an open mobile platform whose financial success is aligned with that of our developers and users.

Others sustain their platforms by charging high licensing fees or selling expensive devices. We're different. Android is an open platform and we make our services available for free, recouping our costs in part through the Google Play service fee when a developer completes a sale of digital content. We don't succeed unless others succeed.

We believe consumers should be able to choose where to find and buy great apps and games.

Mobile platforms should let consumers get their apps and games directly from developers or through app stores. Platforms should let multiple app stores compete for consumers' business. Operating systems should keep users safe, but shouldn't interfere with consumer choice.

Positioning Paper - six simple principles

4. We believe developers should be able to choose how to distribute and sell their products and services.

Mobile platforms should support options for developers to reach their audience -- distributing directly to consumers or via an app store. Developers should be able to choose among multiple app stores that compete for developers' business. [TBD -- And developers should be able to choose how to sell content in their apps.]

5. We believe mobile platforms should create a fair playing field.

Mobile platforms shouldn't use app developers' data to unfairly compete. They shouldn't unfairly preference their products over those of other developers. And mobile platforms should be clear about the rules of the road, with clear guidelines for developers that are enforced consistently with clear means of redress and appeal.

We believe mobile platforms have a responsibility to keep consumers safe.

Consumers count on mobile platforms to keep them safe. That means investing in protections against malware, unauthorized data access, harmful and illegal content, and payments abuse and other fraud. Mobile platforms should demand that app developers meet consumer expectations by upholding high standards of consumer safety.



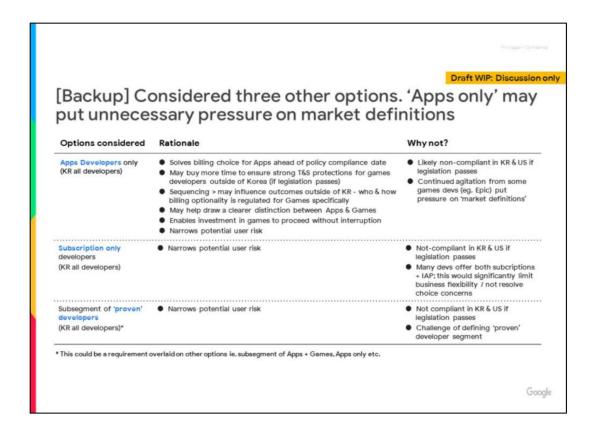


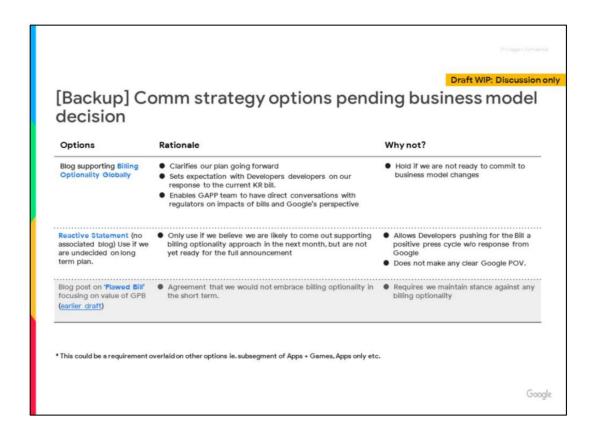
Distance a Confidential

Communication Plan - Timeline required for Global Announcement before Korea Law Passes

- August 9 (internal): Go/No Go to lean in on Billing Optionality before KR Bill passes
- Week of 8/16: Global blog post (Android/Play Choice/openness, Intent/future plans)
- Aug 17-27: Time frame for Bill to pass
 - O 8/17: Earliest day law could pass
 - O 8/23: Expected day to pass (assumed for rest of schedule)
- August 23-27: Google team requests clarity on new law
- Sept 1 Sept 15: Law will go into effect
- TBC: Ongoing Comms
 - O Details on new model
 - O GAPP strategy

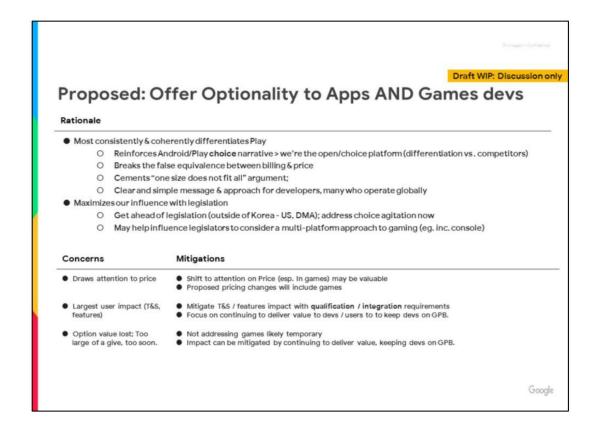
ld	Date	Text
2	08/03/2021 14:55:45	@kghanem@google.com @jacksondan@google.com
		Per convos today, dropped in a proposed high level timeline for the 'preferred' global approaf ocused on KR timeline.





08/03/2021 15:26:14	@kghanem@google.com @jacksondan@google.com @ericafox@google.com
	@gavinbaird@google.com Per discussion yesterday, attempt to summarize different comm approaches considered to date. Surfaces back up plan (reactive statement) if we don't have clear path on billing optionality.



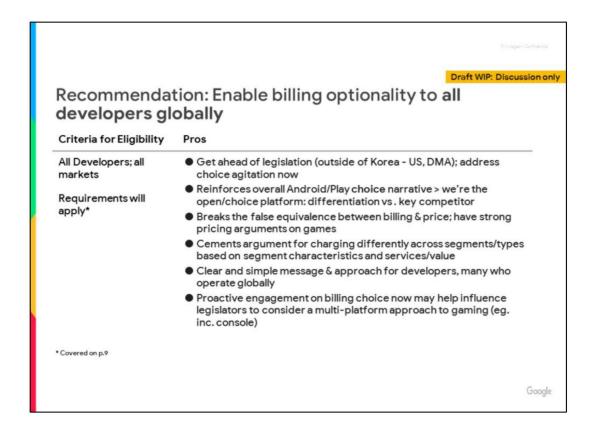


Risks of this approach:

Lost opportunity to test & learn in KR first

Legislative/regulatory agitation may shift to mechanic for optionality and price (no solve on price for games)

Game developers de-integrate



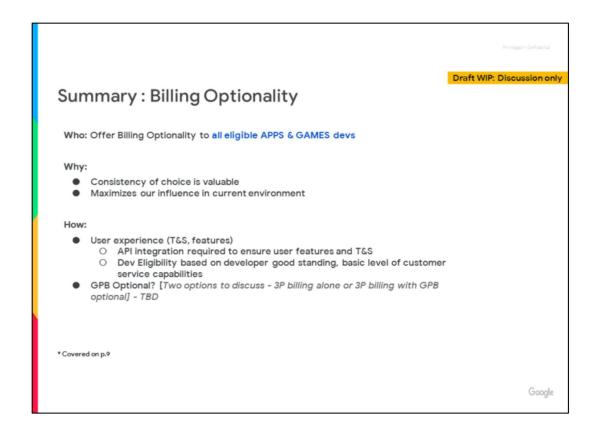
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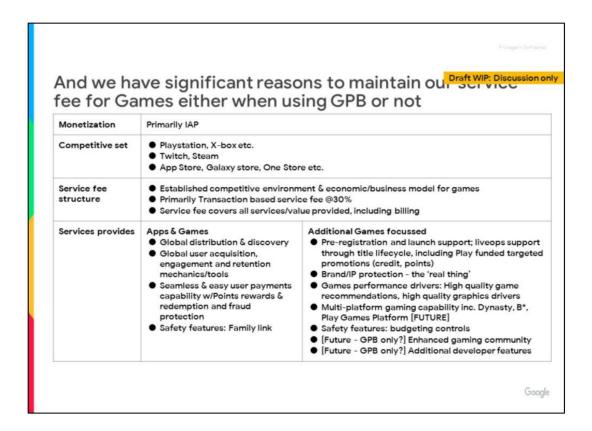
Game developers de-integrate

ld	Date	Text	
4	08/02/2021 17:52:36	Verify slide reference / add in link.	+ Confidential
5	08/02/2021 21:39:25	@pfeng@google.com This may be simpler and clearer given Tian's feedback?	
		The may be simple and the second of the seco	

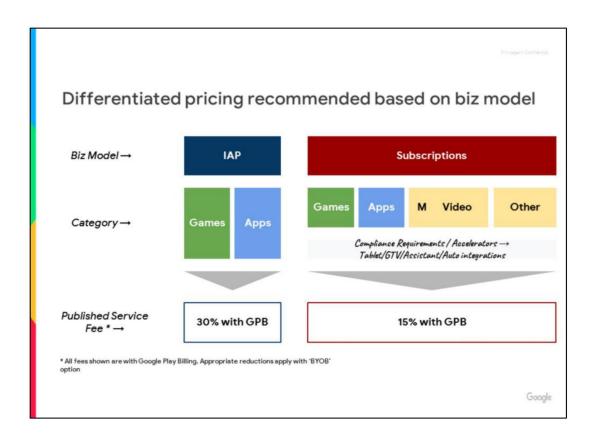


Risks of this approach: Lost opportunity to test & learn in KR first Legislative/regulatory agitation may shift to mechanic for optionality and price (no solve on price for games) Game developers de-integrate

ld	Date	Text
6	08/03/2021 18:14:46	@pfeng@google.com I don't think we should lead with this given yesterday's feedback. I think we should have as a summary at the end or leave out for now.
		Summary at the end of leave out for non.

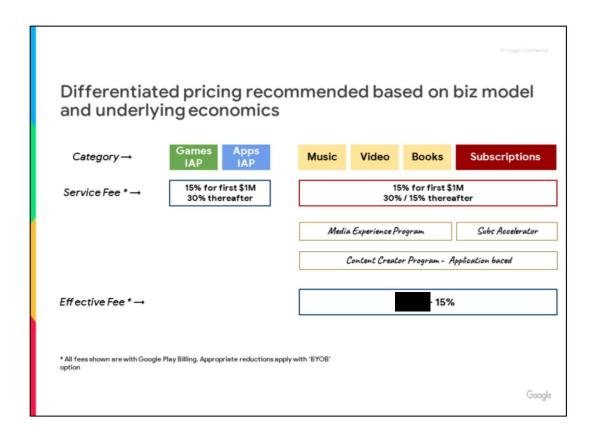


Date	Text
08/03/2021 19:54:15	note that this is true of consoles and mobile gaming platforms. PC has variance



Redacted - Privilege

Redacted - Privilege



standalone	s possible with 3P billing
What We're Planning	Remaining risks (can't be mitigated)
Requirements/standards forAPI that does:	 User dissatisfaction if not able to use Gift cards / spend points with a developer [Medium?]

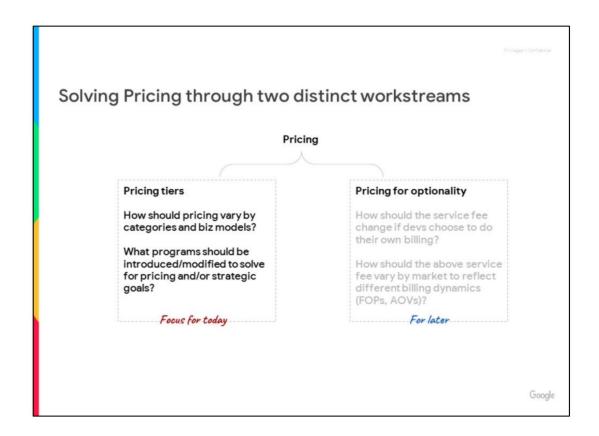
ld	Date	Text	
7	08/01/2021 18:49:14	Consider whether we want to add in dev risk vs Play risk	

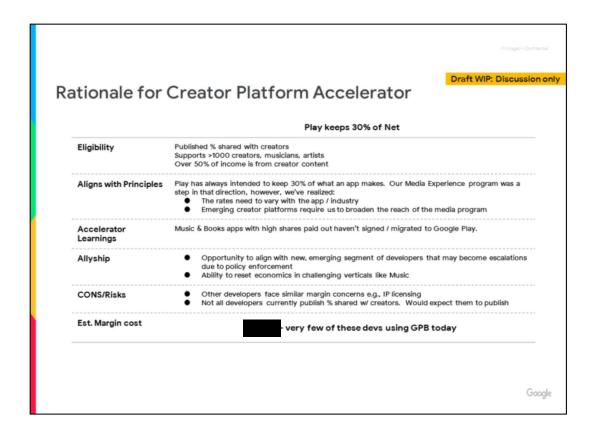
	Privileged + Confidential
Trust and Safety: Managing users expectations	P: Discussion only
Include something (visuals?) on warnings in the store?	
	Google

ld	Date	Text	
8		Not sure we need this for Tuesday.	Privileged + Confidential
		,	



ld	Date	Text
3	08/02/2021 20:23:18	@mloew@google.com - could use your help (+maybe gUP, legal, etc) to define qualifications for who can get access to 3P billing. Should be able to require some level of customer service, user trust, etc.
9	08/02/2021 20:23:18	https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/uwp/publish/store-policies#108-financial-transactions Microsoft requirements fyi.
		Microsoft requirements fyi.





Kara

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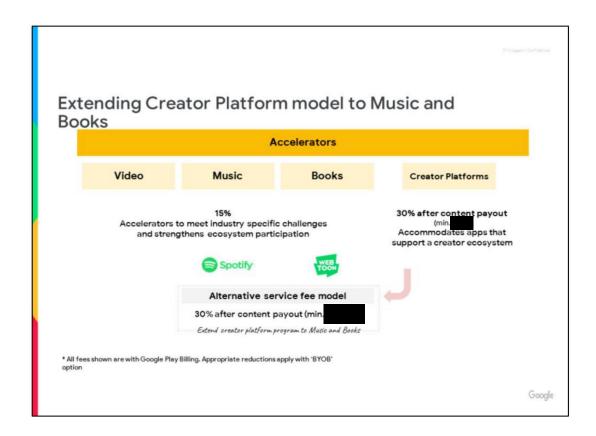
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Assumes that subscription and IAP spend are unaffected by the new pricing.

Notes on figures:

Subs revenue growth of 45% is the 2 yr CAGR ending in Q2 2021.



d Books	Play keeps 30% of Net
Eligibility	Same as original content creator program
Aligns with Principles	Play has always intended to keep 30% of what an app makes. Our Media Experience program was a step in that direction, however, we've realized: The rates need to vary with the app / industry
Accelerator Learnings	Music & Books apps with high shares paid out haven't signed / migrated to Google Play.
Allyship	Ability to reset economics in challenging verticals like Music
CONS/Risks	Other developers face similar margin concerns e.g., IP licensing Not all developers currently publish % shared w/ creators. Would expect them to publish
Est. Margin cost	TBD

Kara

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Developer	s benef	itting fro	m Subs Pricing		Draft \	VIP: Discus
			Today		Tomorrow	ĺ
	ОРВ	Fee	Sentiment	Subs	Fee	
Match	No	28% + AVP	Agitate	Majority	~18% (blended IAP)	
	No	30%	Agitate	?	15%	
	Yes			100%	15%	
					15%	
					15%	
					15%	
					15%	
	Yes	30%		100%	15%	
	Yes				15%	
	Yes				15%	

		9	om Content C	g.		
			Today		Tomorrow	
	GPB	Fee	Sentiment	Creator (share)	Fee	
Bandcamp	No	30%	Expressed Concerns	Y (85%)		
	Yes	30% + GVP	Compliant + concerns	Y (30%)	21%	
Bandcamp	No	30%	?	Y (85%)		1
	No	30%	Expressed Concerns	Y (85%)		
	No	30%	Willing. Fairness Concerns for UGC	Y (40%)	18%	
	No	30%	Fairness Concerns for UGC	Y (40%)	18%	
	No	15% (BCAP)	Agitate	Y (50-70%)	12%	
	No		Agitate	Y (50-70%)	12%	

,	a Developers b		.g			
			Today		Tomorrow	
	GPB	Fee	Sentiment	Creator (share)	Fee	
	No	15% (ADAP)	Agitate	Y (70%)		
	No	15% (ADAP)	?	Y (70%)		
	No	15% (BCAP)	?	Y (70%)		
	No	15% (BCAP)	Agitate	Y (50-70%)		
	No	15% (ADAP)	Agitate	Y (85%)		
	No	15% (ADAP)	Agitate	Y (85%)		

	mig prionig optiono to don	ieve different objectives
Objective	Solve for subs biz model consistently; broad base agitation in an operationally effective way Differentiate from Apple Benefit from the PR narrative	Solve for dev agitation in select categories conditionally (based on gives/gets) Incentivize x-platform integrations
Solution	Revise Subs service fee to 15% & Continue the current accelerators	Expand accelerators to more categories (Health & Fitness, Dating etc.) with a service fee of 15%
Beneficiaries	All devs with a subs biz model, including those with IAP / subs hybrid model	Devs in select categories, regardless of biz model
Risks / Cons	Undermines the accelerator programs and the x-platform integration incentives Benefits extend to game devs on a subs biz model	No significant PR gains from the accelerator programs? Varying degrees of gets/integrations required for the same benefit Dev agitation span many app categories Agnostic to the business model and benefits all dev in the accelerator categories Does not create meaningful acknowledgement and differentiation from Apple
Mitigation	Current media accelerators incrementally benefit the IAP Apps/SKUs in the desired verticals Shift accelerator incentives from service fee to other instruments (eg annual payout, discovery)	Messaging is critical - need to land the 'not a one size fits all approach'

ld	Date	Text
5	08/03/2021 16:16:20	KB FB: This could also be considered a pro, having consistency across the platform.

